MKID Camera at the CSO





<u>University of Colorado/CASA:</u> James Schlaerth, Jason Glenn, Phil Maloney <u>California Institute of Technology:</u> Jiansong Gao, Sunil Golwala, Omid Noroozian, Jack Sayers, John Vaillancourt, Tasos Vayonakis, Jonas Zmuidzinas

JPL: Peter Day, Ben Mazin, Rick LeDuc, Hien Nguyen

How MKIDs work





Antenna-Coupled MKID Overview

(GB)

7498

7.5

7.502





7.504

7.500

7.508 (GHz)

7.512

751

7.514

7.510

7.518

Resonator Readout



MKID DemoCam





Beam Maps and Responsivity







First Light (Jupiter)

070407_ob4_clean_ptg_map, unsmoothed













G34.3 in two bands – one drift scan observation

NEFD₂₄₀ = 1 Jy s^{1/2}, NEFD₃₅₀ = 10 Jy s^{1/2}

Pixel size and platescale optimized for 240 GHz during this observing run

Cryostat Design for MKID Camera



Example of new Interdigitated Coupler MKID design



Device Noise Comparison



Ongoing work with sub/millimeter MKIDs

- Fully testing and understanding physics of current devices (e.g. the causes of the responsivity)
- Test optical response/NEP of antenna-coupled low-noise devices in DemoCam - Summer 2008
- Magnetic shielding implementation and testing -May 2008
- Optimization of antennas for 200-420 GHz window Summer/Fall 2008
- Full 4-color antenna feed network 2008/2009

Status for Full MKID Camera for CSO

- Expanded SDR readout specified; likely supplier found (Omnisys)
- Cryostat Delivery Late summer 2008
- Fall 2008/2009: Integration of partial array into MKID Camera; testing of optics at CASA
- Fully working camera by 2010 adaptable for first light on CCAT

Resonator response to quasiparticles



Instrument Noise at the CSO



Noise spectrum - IDC device

